



编 | 者 | 的 | 话

《图书馆学通讯》自一九七九年创刊至今年第四期已整整刊行三十期,作为全国性学术性刊物,我们很希望尽可能跟上时代的脉搏,适应各方面读者的各种要求,但由于编辑水平和知识面的限制,以及大家都知道的主客观方面的实际状况,要做到这一点,还需经过极大的努力。

本刊本期发表的吕叔湘同志的《需要发展地方图书馆》,杨威理同志的《图书馆学通讯刊行三十期感言》,以及黄纯元同志的《我国图书馆事业发展战略的若干思考》等文章,都从不同方面提出了我国的图书馆事业需要研究发展的战略问题。作为图书馆学会的学术性刊物,发表这方面的文章虽还仅仅是个开始,但对进一步开展这方面的讨论,发挥对文化决策部门的咨询作用,关注图书馆事业的全局发展;同时引导图书馆工作者自觉地按照社会主义经济建设和文化建设发展的需要,努力开拓图书馆事业,应是有益的。

我国是一个幅员辽阔,人口众多,经济发展极不平衡的国家,如何根据这些具体情况,从宏观上加强研究我国图书馆事业的发展规划,是当前一项重大的战略任务。图书馆事业的发展和其他事业发展一样要受国家经济实力的制约,但图书馆向社会提供的知识信息,提高人民的文化科技水平转而促进社会经济发展的效益是不可估量的。如何使两者统一起来,使现代化的经济建设与现代化的文化同步和率先发展,使之纳入改革这一社会性的系统工程中来,确是需要认真探讨,共同出谋划策的大事。

目前,发达国家的图书馆已广泛利用电子计算机检索,馆际之间建立网络系统,大大加强了图书馆之间的横向联系和协作,发挥了藏书利用效益,为广大读者特别是科技

工作者提供优质服务。现代化是我国图书馆管理工作改革的必由之路。目前有的图书馆已经开始了这方面研试准备,但更多的是各搞一套,当前特别值得注意的是对其前期的基础工作准备及标准化、现代化意识不强而造成的人、财、物力的浪费令人不安。因此,建立全面的协作,采取全国性的统一措施,使之开始就能步入协调发展的正确轨道,实为当务之急。

随着经济体制改革的不断深入,很多的传统观念必须注入新的内容。历史的进步和社会的发展,使各种文化的孤立系统彼此相互渗透,在开放性又不失其整体性的基础上,开始加入到更大更复杂的超级系统中去,这就是“全球社会文化生态系统”。系统间的信息交流和相互作用水平不断提高,将持续地向有序方向发展。但这绝不等于等待别人的安排,等待现成的利益,而是在“不失其整体性的基础上”加入。图书馆学基础理论研究的根底本来就很薄弱,随机性很大,负熵极小。在世界科学技术发展日新月异,中外文化交流日益频繁的当今时代,图书馆学理论工作者尤其要善于吸收,消化。近年来我国许多图书馆工作者,特别是青年学子怀着对我国图书馆学理论建设的一颗“童心”,有的对原来的体系作了猛烈的抨击,有的负有历史使命感地在潜心探索建设,这都是改革开放带来的一种平等争鸣的机会,十分有利于新思想新观念的生长,有利于探索创新。本刊将为造成这种宽松的,和谐的、相互理解和信任的人际关系和探索环境而继续努力。当然图书馆学的清理、研究、改革、前进要务求实新,坚持理论联系实际的方针,愿哪种热衷于“玄而又玄”、“纯而又纯”的“理论兴趣”越少,越好。

that Mao Yi's 5th revision of "Shuo Wen" was done by Duan Yucai. In fact Duan Yucai had several times discussed the earlier revisions of Mao Yi. This article expounds the controversial views on Duan's expositions of the revisions prior to the 5th one. (page 80)

Editor's Postscript on the lauded 30th issue of "Bulletin of the China Society of Library Science"

"Bulletin of the China Society of Library Science" has been published for eight years now since it started in 1979. For the successful turning out of 30 issues, Prof. Lu Shuxiang, renowned socialist and philologist, wrote for the 30th issue the article "Community Library Needs Development"; Yang Weili, director of the Library of The Institute for the Compilation and Translation of Work by Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin, contributed the article "Feelings on the issuance of 30 issues of 'Bulletin of the China Society of Library Science', the library science journal of China"; and Huang Chunyuan, teacher at the Department of Library and Information Science of Hua Dong Normal College, contributed "Strategy for Developing Library Service in China: Some Contemplations", etc. These articles brought up the different aspects of the need to study the strategy for developing library service in China, such as the problems of the drafting of a library law, the implementing of regulations of vocational posts, the national unified coordinating of projects to computerize library operations, and the preparing of public opinion for a change in traditional idea of creativeness. All such problems have much to do with the effort to bring about a synchronized and quicker development of modernized economic and cultural construction, and to include them into the systems engineering of social reform.

These authors amply confirmed the orientation of our Bulletin for the last eight years, and they anticipate more in respect to the above-mentioned major cultural policies and vocational know-hows, as they have seen in this Bulletin a gratifying beginning in creating a democratic, relaxed relation among people, and thus an environment that encourages further investigation.

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